

**FORUM:** Special Political and Decolonization Committee (GA4)

**QUESTION OF:** Discussing the status of non-self-governing territories in the Caribbean

**SUBMITTED BY:** Republic of Congo

**CO-SUBMITTED BY:** Afghanistan, Austria, Croatia, Denmark, DPRK, Greece, Hungary, Iran, Japan, Jordan, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Switzerland, USA

THE SPECIAL POLITICAL AND DECOLONIZATION COMMITTEE (GA4),

*Acknowledging* the continuing efforts of the Special Committee on Decolonization to address the concerns of Non-Self-Governing Territories (NSGTs),

*Affirming* the need to guarantee the protection of the cultural heritages and rights of the natives of these territories during the process of decolonization,

*Emphasizing* the need for international support and collaboration in assisting these areas to achieve self-governance and sustainable development,

*Recalling* the United Nations Charter principles concerning the right of all peoples to self-determination,

*Recognizing* the special difficulties faced by Non-Self-Governing Territories (NSGTs) in the Caribbean, including their economic dependence and sensitivity to climate change,

1. Supports the cooperation of all Member States to create internationally supervised referendums for all NSGTs regarding their status which will be:
  - a) monitored by an impartial, third-party organization such as real estate escrow companies or Insurance brokers to:
    - i. increase transparency,
    - ii. prevent potential corruption of the results,
  - b) followed up on with yearly international meetings with constituents where:
    - i. formerly NSGTs' current needs will be discussed and addressed,
    - ii. attending delegations will have the chance to express their political and economic concerns regarding the territories;
  
2. Urges third party administering powers, such as Campgemini Se to minimize the influence the administrators have on NSGTs by organizing Economic and Social programs that can aid in enhancing each country autonomy and improve their socioeconomic status by:

- a) Establishing special teams with the with the aim of investing in areas such as (with the aid and cooperation of other organizations such as the United Nations Democracy Fund (UNDF):
    - i. educating the population through educational campaigns,
    - ii. improving the healthcare system,
    - iii. developing infrastructures that can lead in opening various working positions,
  - b) supporting economic development in order to reduce external economic pressures with:
    - i. the Foreign Direct Investment (FDI),
    - ii. provision of Merit Goods,
    - iii. improving technology,
    - iv. encouraging entrepreneurship with the help of local governments Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)and with the help of local governments;
3. Calls upon all Member States to cooperate in order to supervise the Local Governments with the aim of helping islands have their self-government and prevent them from making decisions of great importance, by:
- a) allowing them to have their own type of Government Shern,
  - b) supervising their actions to benefit the local population by:
    - i. creating a Robust Monitoring and Evaluating System,
    - ii. encouraging active citizens participation,
  - c) ensuring that the right to self-determination is not violated and it is also giving the opportunity to the administering territory to have a better and more respectful relationship with its trust territory;
5. Urges the international community to extend comprehensive financial and technical assistance to Non-Self-Governing Territories (NSGTs) to facilitate a holistic assessment and resolution of their political, social, economic, and environmental challenges, with particular focus on:
- a) Climate adaptation and disaster risk reduction, through initiatives such as climate-resilient infrastructure, early warning systems, and sustainable resource management,
  - b) Economic diversification and capacity-building, including investment in sustainable industries, entrepreneurship programs, and vocational training to enhance economic independence,

- c) Education and cultural preservation programs, aimed at fostering inclusive education, safeguarding indigenous traditions, and promoting linguistic and cultural heritage;
6. Calls upon all Member States to help the administering powers of non-self-governing territories in the Caribbean in promoting the political, economic, social, and educational advancement of the territories by means such as but not limited to:
- a) recognizing the interests and needs of the inhabitants by:
    - i. sampling with the aim of gathering information and generalizing the conclusions to the broad masses,
    - ii. calculating elements common to all population,
  - b) developing appropriate forms of self-government taking into account all the mentioned obligations by
    - i. ensuring Role of Law and Fairness,
    - ii. encouraging Civic Engagement and Education,
    - iii. establishing clear values and principles,
  - c) promoting economic, social, political education progress in the territories by:
    - i. investing in infrastructure,
    - ii. assist the advancement of technology and capital goods;
7. Encourages the implementation of supervised voting assemblies, in order to:
- a) reflect the opinion of the public in order to decide whether these NSGTs should remain under the administrative power or not, by:
    - i. Organizing online or offline surveys, to gauge public understanding, support and concerns about NCGT's,
    - ii. establish mechanisms which will be ongoing to monitor the publics' opinions,
  - b) be responsible for monitoring the formation of the new self-governing countries;
8. Recommends formation of Economic and Social Development Programs that will facilitate the enhancement of the autonomy of each territory from their administrator through reduction of dependence of the economy from the NSGTs by:
- a) assisting in the extraction trade of local commodities with MEDCs

- i. By creating farmer associations which will overcome the trading barriers and improve the local standards, so that the products can meet the international expectations,
  - ii. By Providing technical assistance to local businesses and entrepreneurs involved in the extraction and trade of commodities, for example through grants, low-interest loans,
- b) promoting the area internationally as to bring in more tourists by:
  - i. Implementing sustainable tourism practices to minimize the impact on the local environment and community. This includes creating eco-tourism packages, promoting local handicrafts, and ensuring that tourism contributes to the local economy in an equitable and sustainable way,
  - ii. Establishing partnerships with global travel agencies and tour operators to market the region as an attractive destination,
  - iii. Offering training to local populations in tourism ensuring that they are well-prepared for employment opportunities and ready to support the tourist that will come;